Grade II-2

Seerah

Lesson 1:

- 1. What are the two blessed cities for Muslims
 - A. Makkah and Madinah
 - B. Washington D.C and New York
 - C. Dubai and Doha
- 2. Who built Ka'bah
 - A. Ibrahim (AS) and Ismail (AS)
 - B. Dawood (AS) and Sulaiman (AS)
 - C. Moosa (AS) and Haroon (AS)
- 3. In which Cave Rasulullah (S) received the first Wahi
 - A. Cave Thur
 - B. Cave Hira
 - C. None of the Above
- 4. What was the old name of city of Madinah
 - A. Badr
 - B. Yathrib
 - C. Yemen
- 5. After Rasulullah (S) arrived in Madinah, people started to call it
 - A. Madinat un-Nabi (City of Prophet)
 - B. Quba
 - C. Baghdad

Lesson 2:

- 1. How far was Yathrib from Makkah
 - A. 100 miles
 - B. 200 miles

- C. 300 miles
- 2. How did Kuffar plan to kill Rasulullah (S)
 - A. One man from each tribe will come outside his house to kill him
 - B. They challenge him to fight
 - C. Attack him on his way home
- 3. Who stayed in the house of Rasulullah (S) when he left for Madinah
 - A. Ali (RA)
 - B. Umer(RA)
 - C. Uthman (RA)
- 4. Which companion travelled with Prophet Muhammad (S) to Madinah?
 - A. Abu Bakr (RA)
 - B. Umer (RA)
 - C. Uthman(RA)
- 5. When Abu Bakr (RA) became worried about Rasulullah's (S) safety, what did Rasulullah(S) tell him?
 - A. That nobody can see them
 - B. Allah (SWT) would certainly protect them
 - C. There were guards outside to protect them

Lesson 3:

- 1. What is the meaning of the word Hijrah?
 - A. Migration
 - B. Vacation
 - C. None of the above
- 2. How long did it take for Rasulullah(S) and Abu Bakr (RA) to arrive in Madinah
 - A. 2 days
 - B. 2 weeks

C. 2 months

- 3. Which Prophet of Allah (SWT) did Hijrah?
 - A. Ibrahim (AS)
 - B. Adam (AS)
 - C. Yaqoob (AS)
- 4. How did Rasulullah (S) decide where to stay in Madinah?
 - A. By letting his camel loose and wherever the camel would stop, he will stay.
 - B. Stayed in the house of one of the leaders of Madinah.
 - C. Purchased a house in Madinah
- 5. What was the name of the camel of Rasulullah(S)?
 - A. Qaswa
 - B. Rome
 - C. None of the above
- 6. When Rasulullah (S) arrived in Madinah, which two tribes were enemies of each other.
 - A. Aws and Khazraj
 - B. Banu Nadir and Banu Quraidha
 - C. None of the above
- 7. Who were Muhajirun?
 - A. Those who migrated from Makkah
 - B. Those who were in Madinah
 - C. None of the above
- 8. What is the meaning of Ansar?
 - A. Helpers
 - B. Soldiers
 - C. Gurads

- 9. Where did Rasulullah (S) stayed in Madinah?
 - A. In the house of Umer (RA)
 - B. In the house of Abu Bakr (RA)
 - C. In the house of Abu Ayyub Al-Ansari (RA)

Lesson 4:

- 1. Where did Rasulullah (S) stop before arriving in Madinah?
 - A. Quba
 - B. Rome
 - C. Syria
- 2. What is the name of the first Masjid built by Rasulullah (S)
 - A. Masjid ul-Quba
 - B. Masjid ul-Madina
 - C. None of the above
- 3. How far is Masjid ul-Quba is from downtown Madinah
 - A. 3 miles
 - B. 5 miles
 - C. 7 miles
- 4. What is the reward of praying at Masjid u-Quba?
 - A. Reward of making an Umrah
 - B. Reward to travelling to Jerusalem
 - C. None of the above
- 5. What is the name of the Masjid that Rasulullah (S) built in Madinah?
 - A. Masjid an-Nabawi
 - B. Masjid ul-Quba
 - C. Masjid ul-Makkah
- 6. What were the people called who slept on the big bench in the Masjid?
 - A. Ashab as-Suffah
 - B. People of the cave
 - C. None of the above

Lesson 5:

- 1. The brotherhood between Ansar and Muhajirun is called
 - A. Friendship
 - B. Muwwakhat
 - C. Muhajirun
- 2. What did Rasulullah (S) do to create relationship between Muhajirun and Ansars
 - A. Advised that each Ansar to adopt one Muhajir as his/her brother/sister.
 - B. Advised Muhajirun and Ansars to start business together.
 - C. None of the above
- 3. What was the source of money for the people of Madinah?
 - A. Olive
 - B. Fig
 - C. Dates and Oil
- 4. Did Muhajirun take everything from Ansars that they offered?
 - A. Yes
 - B. No
 - C. They took only what was needed
- 5. The brotherhood between Muhajirun and Asars teaches us that
 - A. All Muslims are brothers and sisters.
 - B. Color of skin determines if someone can be our brother/sister
 - C. People of one region are better than the people of other region
- 6. Abd ur-Rahman Ibn Awf was a true Muslim and a business man.
 - A. True
 - B. False
 - C. None of the Above

Lesson 6:

- 1. Rasulullah (S) taught us that good communities are built on
 - A. Money and Power
 - B. Respect and Trust
 - C. None of the Above
- 2. Rasulullah (S) established ______ among different groups of people in Madinah
 - A. Harmony
 - B. War
 - C. Rivalry
- 3. Rasulullah (S) made Muslims and non Muslims feel _____
 - A. Safe
 - B. Unsafe
 - C. None of the Above
- 4. Rasulullah (S) signed an agreement with Jews of Madinah. That agreement is called
 - A. Charter of Madinah
 - B. Charter of Makkah
 - C. Charter of Yemen
- 5. Rasulluah (S) taught us to discuss the problems together to choose the best solution. This is called
 - A. Shura
 - B. Mukawwat
 - C. Ansar
- 6. Rasulullah (S) taught us to respect our neighbors, even if they
 - A. Are Muslims only
 - B. Are Muslims and Christians only

C. Belong to any religion

Lesson 7:

- 1. The Kuffar were happy when they learned that Rasulullah (S) migrated to Madinah.
 - A. True
 - B. False
 - C. None of the Above
- 2. Kuffar were afraid that after Hijrah the Muslims would be stronger
 - A. True
 - B. False
 - C. None of the Above
- 3. Munafiq is someone who
 - A. Says one thing and does another thing
 - B. Exactly does what he says
 - C. None of the above
- 4. Allah (SWT) sent Musa (AS) to Jews, with the book
 - A. Zabur
 - B. Injeel
 - C. Tawrat
- 5. The Makkan leaders decided to attack Madinah and finish Islam
 - A. True
 - B. False
 - C. None of the Above

Lesson 8:

- 1. The cities of Makkah and Madinah sit between the lands of
 - A. Syria and Yemen

- B. Iran and Iraq
- C. France and Germany
- 2. The people of Makkah would travel to Syria in north and Yemen in south for trade
 - A. True
 - B. False
 - C. None of the Above
- 3. A caravan is a _____ travelling together
 - A. Group of People
 - B. Group of Kuffar
 - C. None of the Above
- 4. How many people were in the army of Kuffar in the battle of Badr
 - A. More than 10000
 - B. More than 5000
 - C. More than 1000
- 5. The armies of Muslims and Kuffars met for the first battle at a place called
 - A. Badr
 - B. Hunain
 - C. Tabuk
- 6. The Muslim army consists of
 - A. 313 Men
 - B. 413 Men
 - C. 513 Men
- 7. Allah (SWT) sent angels to help Muslims in the battle of Badr
 - A. True
 - B. False
 - C. None of the Above

- 8. The Muslim were kind to the prisoners of the battle of Badr
 - A. True
 - B. False
 - C. None of the Above

Lesson 9:

- 1. Islam means
 - A. Obedience to Allah (SWT)
 - B. Do whatever we want to do
 - C. None of the Above
- 2. Allah (SWT) commands us in Quran to obey Allah (SWT), Rasulullah (SWT) and men in authority
 - A. True
 - B. False
 - C. None of the Above
- 3. A'isah (RA) described the life of Rasulullah (S) as
 - A. Quran in action
 - B. Nothing special
 - C. None of the Above
- 4. If we want to be successful in this life and our next life we have to follow
 - A. Teachings of Rasulullah (S)
 - B. Teachings of anyone
 - C. None of the Above
- 5. The leader of Kuffar during the battle of Uhud was
 - A. Abu Sufian
 - B. Abu Lahab
 - C. Abu Jahl
- 6. Rasulullah (S) ordered some men to guard a small hill so that the enemy would not sneak up from behind and attack.

A. True

- B. False
- C. None of the above
- 7. Hamzah Ibn Abdul Muttalib died in the battle of
 - A. Badr
 - B. Uhud
 - C. Khandaq

Lesson 10:

- 1. Salman al-Farsi suggested that Muslims should dig a ditch outside Madinah to prevent attackers to come inside the city
 - A. True
 - B. False
 - C. None of the Above
- 2. When Kuffar saw ditch outside Madinah, they decided to
 - A. Leave and not fight
 - B. Camp outside and wait for Muslims to come out
 - C. None of the Above
- 3. The Kuffar stayed outside Madinah for about
 - A. One Month
 - B. Two Months
 - C. Three Months
- 4. How did Allah (SWT) help Muslims to destroy the forces of Kuffar

A. Sent strong winds

- B. Sent strong army
- C. None of the Above

- 5. The battle of the Ditch taught us that we should make Shura for important decisions and put our trust in Allah (SWT) after doing whatever is necessary
 - A. True
 - B. False
 - C. None of the Above
- 6. Rasulullah (S) said Salman al-Farsi is from his family.
 - A. True
 - B. False
 - C. None of the Above