# BIS WEEKEND ISLAMIC SCHOOL. STUDY GUIDE FOR GRADE V SEERAH FINAL EXAM 2015 (LESSONS 9-19)

Q1	<ul> <li>Umar (RA) was born in the year:</li> <li>a) 508 CE</li> <li>b) Eight years after the birth of Prophet Mohammad (SAW).</li> <li>c) 580 CE</li> <li>d) None of the above.</li> </ul>
Q2	Umar (RA) had a sister named: a) Aasiah b) Fatima c) Nu'aim d) Ayesha
Q3	Who was the last to accept Islam among the following  a) Sa'id (RA)  b) Fatima (RA)  c) Umar (RA)  d) Nu'aim (RA)
Q4	What Surah was Umar (RA) sister reciting when he (RA) entered her house: a) Ta-ha b) Tawbah c) Tawraat d) None of the above
Q5	Prophet Mohammad (SAW) belonged to the family of a) Quraish b) Hashim c) Taaif d) Both a and b  Lesson 11
Q1	Eastern Roman empire was also called as the a) Sasanid empire b) Christian empire c) Byzantine empire d) All the above
Q2	Surah describes the war between the Roman and the Persian empires: a) Surah Ar-Rum

	<ul><li>b) Surah Bakarah</li><li>c) Surah Alaq</li><li>d) None of the above</li></ul>
Q3	Muthanna (RA) was a) The general in the Muslim army b) Local chief of Iraq c) Both a and b d) None of the above
Q4	Umar (RA) assembled an army in Madinah under the leadership of to help Muthanna: a) Khalid ibn-Al-Walid b) Saad ibn-Waqqas c) Abu-Ubaidah ibn-Al-Jarrah d) None of the above
Q5	Musilms conquered Iraq in a) 580 CE b) 1436 Hijrah c) 636 CE d) None of the above
	<u>Lesson 12</u>
Q1	The city of Damascus in Syria was besieged under the leadership of:  a) Saad ibn-Waqqas  b) Abu-Ubaidah ibn-Al-Jarrah  c) Khalid ibn-Al-Walid  d) Abu-Ubadah ibn-Al-Jarrah  e) None of the above
Q2	City of Damuscus was conquered when was the Khalifah of Muslim Ummah: a) Abu Bakr (RA) b) Prophet Mohammad (SAW) c) Umar-ibn-Khattab d) None of the above
Q3	Original name of Istanbul was:  a) Constantinople  b) Turkey c) Byzantinum d) Both a and c e) All the above

Q4	was the emperor of Byzantine
	a) Shahinshah b) Zooroastrian
	c) Hercules
	d) Rustum
Q5	Before Islam Syria was predominantly a country a) Zoroastrian b) Christian c) Buddhist d) None of the above
	<u>Lesson 13</u>
Q1	Before Kabbah became the 'Qiblah' for Muslims; they used to face towards when praying  a) Bait ul-Maqdas  b) Al-Quds c) Jerusalem d) All the above
Q2	After the conquest of Syria, the Christian leaders in Jerusalem informed Muslim leaders that that they would submit to Muslim rule, if: a) They were set free b) They were given their own land c) Umar (RA) would visit them and guarantee their religious freedom. d) Both a and c.
Q3	<ul> <li>Umar (RA) provided a great example of religious tolerance by:</li> <li>a) Letting his attendant ride his camel while he walked alongside</li> <li>b) Praying outside the Church of Holy Sepulcher</li> <li>c) Accepting the invitation of the Christian religious leaders of Jerusalem</li> <li>d) All the above</li> </ul>
Q4	Christians, Jews, and Sabeans are also referred as: <ul> <li>a) Non-muslims</li> <li>b) Ahl Al-Kitab</li> <li>c) Amir-Al-Muminin</li> <li>d) Both b and c</li> </ul>
Q5	Masjid Al-Aqsa in Bait-Al-Maqdis was originally built by: a) Prophet Dawud (AS) b) Prophet Suliaman (AS) c) Prophet Isa (AS) d) Both a and b

Q1	Umar (RA) was Khilafah of Muslim Ummah for: a) 10 years b) 12 years c) 20 years d) None of the above			
Q2	<ul> <li>Which of the following is NOT true:</li> <li>a) Umar (RA) divided Muslim controlled areas into provinces</li> <li>b) Umar (RA) appointed pious Muslim governors</li> <li>c) Umar (RA) fixed a highest salary for himself</li> <li>d) Umar (RA) distributed the excess money in the government treasury to common people</li> <li>e) Both c and d</li> </ul>			
<u>Lesson 15</u>				
Q1	Which of the following are attributed to the Khilafah of Umar (RA):  a) Establishment of provinces b) Appointment of Governors c) Appointment of judges d) All the above e) Both a and c			
Q2	The year Rasulullah (saw) was born was the year of the: a) Aba-bil (Swallow) b) Fil (Elephant) c) Ankaboot (Spider) d) Naml (Ant)			
Q3	, the Christian ruler of Yemen invaded Makkah: a) Hercules b) Rustum c) Abraha d) None of the above			
Q4	Muslim calendar is called the calendar:  a) Hijrah  b) Solar calendar  c) Muharram  d) None of the above			
Q5	The first month of the Islamic calendar starts with  a) Rabi' Al-Awal  b) Muharram			

,	Dil-Hajj Shaban
_	ura is the Election

- Q6 he:
  - ons
  - b) Consultation
  - c) Judges
  - d) Right to vote

#### Lesson 16

- Q1 Alhu-adh-Dimmah were:
  - a) Non-Muslims living under Islamic rule
  - b) Non-Muslims who paid 'Jizyah' in return for their guaranteed safety and protection
  - c) Both a and b
  - d) None of the above
- Q2 Bait-ul-Mal is the:
  - a) The wealth acquired in wars
  - b) The extras money the government has
  - c) The government treasury
  - d) Both b and c
- Q3 Injil is the book given to Prophet
  - a) Isa (AS)
  - b) Musa (AS)
  - c) Muhammad (SAW)
  - d) Umar (RA)
- Q4 Tawrah is the book given to Prophet
  - a) Isa (AS)
  - b) Musa (AS)
  - c) Muhammad (SAW)
  - d) Umar (RA)
- Q5 During the Khilafah of Umar (RA) 'Dhimmis' were allowed to be a part of the local Shura:
  - a) True
  - b) False

- Q1 One of the sons of Umar (RA) was:
  - a) Abdullah ibn-Umar

	<ul><li>b) Saad ibn-Waqqas</li><li>c) Uthman ibn-Affan</li><li>d) None of the above</li></ul>				
Q2	led the prayers after Umar (RA) was attacked. a) Abdullah b) Ali ibn-Abi Talib c) Suhaib (RA) d) Abdur-Rahman (RA)				
Q3	Who among the following was not the part of the committee formed by Umar (RA) to nominate the next Khalifah of the Muslim Ummah?  a) Talhah ibn-Ubaidullah  b) Khalid ibn-Waleed  c) Az-Zubair ibn-al-Awwam  d) Both a and c  e) Both b and c				
Q4	Who succeeded Umar (RA) as the Khalifah of the Muslim Ummah?  a) Ali (RA)  b) Uthman (RA)  c) Talhah ibn Ubaidullah  d) Shuaib (RA)				
Q4	Umar (RA) was assassinated by? a) Muthana b) Rustum c) Tuliah d) Feroz				
	<u>Lesson 18</u>				
Q1	Uthman (RA) was about years younger than Rasulullah (SAW). a) 5 years b) 3 years c) 6 years d) None of the above				
Q2	Uthman (RA) belonged to the clan of? a) Quraish b) Bani-Hashim c) Umayyah d) Muhajjir				
Q3	Uthman (RA) was also known by the name of 'Ghani' because:  a) He was rich				

- b) He was generous
- c) He was kind
- d) All the above
- e) Both a and b
- Q4 Rasulullahs (SAW) second daughter was named?
  - a) Umm Kulsum (RA)
  - b) Fatima (RA)
  - c) Ruqayyah (RA)
  - d) Zaynab (RA)
- Q5 Dhu-n-Nurain means?
  - a) The person with two eyes
  - b) The person with two wives
  - c) The person with two lights
  - d) Both b and c
- Q6 What is special about "Al-Ashrah Al-Mubashsharah".
  - a) They were all Khalifahs
  - b) They were all prophets
  - c) They were all promised to be in Jannah by Rasullulah (SAW).
  - d) They were all born in Madinah.
- Q7 The city of Madinah also goes by the name of?
  - a) Madinat un Nabi.
  - b) Madinah-Al-Munawwarah
  - c) Yathrib
  - d) Both a and c
  - e) All the above
- Q8 Treaty of Hudabiyah was a peace treaty between the people of?
  - a) Makkah and Ethopia
  - b) Makkah and Persain empire
  - c) Bzyantine and Sasanid empires
  - d) Makkah and Madinah

- Q1 Establishment of Muslim Navy during the Khilafh of Uthman (RA) helped conquer?
  - a) Syria and Egypt
  - b) Persia
  - c) Cyprus
  - d) Crete
  - e) Both c and d
  - f) None of the above

- Q2 Quran initially was compiled by?
  - a) Uthman (RA)
  - b) Umar (RA)
  - c) Abu Bakr (RA)
  - d) Rasullulah (SAW)
- Q3 Wives of the Prophet (SAW) are also called as
  - a) 'Mother of the believers'
  - b) Al-Ashrah Al-Mubashsharah
  - c) Both a and b
  - d) None of the above
- Q4 Zaid ibn Thabit (RA) was?
  - a) Son of Uthman (RA)
  - b) Chief of the Muslim Navy during the rule of Uthman (RA)
  - c) One of the scribes of Prophet Muhammad (SAW)
  - d) Both a and c
- Q5 Which of the following is NOT credited to Uthman (RA):
  - a) Supporting muslim Ummah with generous monetary charity
  - b) Establishing the hijri calendar
  - c) Establishing the navy
  - d) Preparation of the official version of the Quran