These questions reflect the material that has been covered so far. More questions will be added once we cover more chapters. Please choose the best answer to the following questions:

- 1. All of these statements are true about Barakah EXCEPT:
- a. She was a servant from Abyssinia
- b. She was involved in the Prophet (SAW)'s life until his death
- c. She was later married to Zayd ibn Harithah
- d. She never joined the Prophet (SAW) in Madinah
- 2. Who was the servant that was a member of lady Khadijah's household who became like a son to the Prohet (SAW)?
- a. Zayd ibn Thabit
- b. Zayd ibn Harithah
- c. Abduallah ibn Masud
- d. Abu Sufyan ibn al-Harith
- 3. Which description best fits Umayr ibn Sa'd?
- a. He was known for his beautiful recitation of the Quran
- b. He was appointed the governor of Hims during the caliphate of Umar
- c. He was a cousin of the Prophet
- d. He established a university that taught subjects such as Figh
- 4. Considered from both Mecca and Madinah, this man spied on the Meccans during the Battle of the Ditch. He was known for his hatred of hypocrisy. Who is he?
- a. Hudhayfah ibn al-Yaman
- b. Zayd ibn Thabit
- c. Ja'far ibn Abi Talib
- d. Abduallah ibn Masud
- 5. A cousin of the Prophet (SAW), this man spoke the following words to King Negus: "He called us to worship God alone and to renounce the stones and the idols which we and our ancestors used to worship besides God." What is his name?
- a. Hakim ibn Hizam
- b. Ja'far ibn Abi Talib
- c. Amr ibn al-Jamuh
- d. Umayr ibn Sa'd
- 6. The term "alim" refers to:

a. the Muslims that	eft Mecca for N	Madinah	b. a dowry		
c. a learned person o	or scholar				
d. the state Treasury	,				
7. Which is of the fo	llowing is NOT t	true about Ab	u Sufyan ibn a	l-Harith	
a. He was one of the	first to accept	the message of	of Islam		
b. He was a cousin o	f the Prophet (SAW)			
c. He fought bravely	at the Battle of	f Hunayn			
d. He always felt ren	norse for the da	ays he oppose	d Islam		
8. What is the word	that refers to p	eople who ass	sociate partne	rs with Allah (SWT)?	
a. munafiqun	<mark>b.</mark> mushrikir	ı	c. ansar	d. amir	
9. What is the name	of the empire t	that the Musli	ms fought aga	inst at the Battle of Ta	buk?
<mark>a.</mark> Byzantine	b. Rom	an	c.	Persian	d. Abyssinian
10. A nephew of the known for his genero			me Muslims o	during the liberation of	Mecca and was
a. Abu Ubyada ibn a	l-Jarrah				
b. Suhayl ibn Amr					
<mark>c.</mark> Hakim ibn Hizam					
d. Zayd ibn Thabit					
11. Who does the te	rm "wakil" refe	er to?			
a. the leader of the l	Jmmah b	o. the Persian l	king	c. a representative	d. a scholar
•	ame Muslim, h	e helped nego	•	things that were good aybiyah treaty. He ded	
<mark>a.</mark> Suhayl ibn Amr					
b. Abdullah ibn Abba	as				
c. Amr ibn Al-Jamuh					
d. Habib ibn Zayd					
13. The days ignorar	nce before Islan	n are describe	d by the term		
<mark>a.</mark> Jahiliyah	b. Fitnah	c. Fic	jh d	l. Sayyid	
14. Which of the foll	owing is TRUE	about Zayd ibı	n Thabit:		
a. He was a servant	that lived with t	the Prophet (S	SAW)		

b. He fought in all thre	ee major battles of I	slam						
c. He memorized the whole Quran and compiled the manuscripts								
d. He spoke learned Persian so he could translate for the Prophet (SAW)								
15. Abdullah ibn Abbas was known for all of these things EXCEPT:								
a. He was a cousin of t	a. He was a cousin of the Prophet (SAW)							
b. He bacame an expert on the hadiths								
c. He transformed his	c. He transformed his home into a university							
d. He refused to address the complaints against Ali								
16. Who is the woman that divorced her husband when he became Christian in Abyssinia? She later married the Prophet (SAW).								
a. Ramlah bint Abi Suf	yan							
b. Aisha bint Abu Bakr								
c. Maria the Copt								
d. Zaynab bint Jahsh								
17. What is the name	of the Abyssinian ki	ng who welcomed the Mu	uslims to his kingdom?					
a. Herod								
<mark>b.</mark> Negus								
c. Nero								
d. Abrahah								
18. What is the name	that was given to th	ne people who became Mu	uslim when Mecca was liberated?					
a. Ansar	b. Muhajirin	<mark>c.</mark> At-Tulaqa	d. Ummah					
19. What is the name eventually became Mu			Islam in favor of idol worship, yet					
a. Umayr ibn Sa'd								
b. Mu'adh ibn Jabal								
<mark>c.</mark> Amr ibn al-Jamuh								
d. Khallad ibn Amr								
20. Originally a shephe	erd, Abdullah ibn M	as'ud was also known for:						
a. His public recitation	of the Quran that a	angered the Meccans						
b. His compilation of t	he manuscripts of t	he Quran						

c. His leadership position as governor

d. His emigration	to Abyssinia							
	•		• •	p solve a dispute a t of Syria. Who is t	mong the Christian his man?			
a. Abdullah ibn Ab	bas							
<mark>b.</mark> Abu Ubaydah ibn al-Jarrah								
c. Mu'adh ibn Jabal								
d. Uthman ibn Affan								
22. The term "jizyah" refers to:								
a. jurisprudence	<mark>b.</mark> protection	and milita	ry exemption tax	c. a stipend	d. an oath of allegiance			
23. Hudhayfah ibn al-Yaman instructs the people of Persia to beware of fitnah, what does "fitnah" mean?								
a. ungratefulness	<mark>b.</mark> tei	mptation o	r oppression	c. warfare	d. unlawfulness			
24. What is the name of the treaty that was negotiated between the Muslims and Meccans when they attempted to go to Mecca for Umrah?								
<mark>a.</mark> Hudaybiyah b. Hunay		Hunayn	c. Tabuk d. Jaysh al-Khabat		ysh al-Khabat			
25. What does the discipline of Fiqh entail?								
a. theology	b. Islamic cree	ed	<mark>c.</mark> Islamic law	and jurisprudence	d. Quranic exegesis			
26. The Islamic treasury was known as:								
<mark>a.</mark> Bayt al-Mal	b. Al-Bayt a	l-Atiq	c. Shariah	d. Dar an-Nadwal	ı			
27. A title that describes the leader or governor of the Muslims is:								
a. prophet	<mark>b.</mark> amir	c. king	d. emperor					
28. Who was the leader of the Meccan army during the Battle of the Ditch:								

b. Amr ibn al-Jamuh

a. Suhayl ibn Amr

<mark>c.</mark> Abu Sufyan

d. Zayd ibn Thabit